| L2 Final Exar | n | Grammar | Vocabulary | Reading | Listening | Writing |
|--|---|------------------------|---|----------------------------------|-----------------------|---------------|
| Points | | / 12 | / 12 | / 26 | / 26 | |
| | | | | | Total Po | ints Grade |
| Teacher | | | | | | |
| Student | | | | | | |
| El uso de celular u otros aparatos electrónicos está absolutamente prohibido. En caso de que el profesor lo encuentre con dicho aparato <u>su examen será anulado</u> . Debe usar tinta. En caso de que escriba en lápiz no tendrá derecho a revisión de nota. | | | | | | |
| Section A – Grammar (12 points) | | | | | | |
| 1. Have to, Don't have to, Must & Mustn't- Underline the best option to complete the sentences. (2 points, ½ point each) | | | | | | |
| Example: 0. We have to / don't have to / mustn't go to school next week. It's a holida. | | | | | | |
| 1. Y | ou ha | ave to / don't have | e to / mustn't touch | the oven. It's very h | ot. | |
| | We have to / don't have to / mustn't bring our books to class tomorrow. We're going to start chapter 6. | | | | | oing to start |
| 3. TI | ne co | ncert is free. You | must / don't have | to / mustn't pay. | | |
| 4. Y | ou ha | ave to / don't have | to /mustn't take a | photo and your pas | sport with you. | |
| | | | | | | |
| | | | - Complete the sente ets. (2 points, 1 point | nces using the correct teach) | t form of First and S | econd |
| Exam | ple: (|). If it's nice tomorr | ow, we <u>will go</u> | (go) to the beac | h. | |
| 1. | lf_ | | | _ (have) more time, | I would start a ho | bby, like art |
| or maybe learn how to play the guitar or something. | | | | | | |
| 2. | lf r | ny brother | | (not pass), n | ny father won't be | happy. |
| | | | | | | |

| 3. | . <u>Pa</u> | assive Voice. Rewrite the sentences using the Present Simple Passive or Past Simple Passive . Use affirmative or negative forms. (3 points, 1 point each) |
|---------------------|-------------|--|
| | | Example : 0. Shakespeare wrote Hamlet in 1603. |
| | | Hamlet was written by Shakespeare in 1603. |
| 1 | 1. | Most Mediterranean countries produce olive oil. |
| | | Olive oil |
| 2 | 2. | Jonathan Ive designed the iPod and the iPhone. |
| | | The iPod and the iPhone |
| 3 | 3. | Americans eat millions of hamburgers every day. |
| | | Millions of hamburgers |
| | | to- Complete the sentences using the correct form of 'used to' and the words in parenthesis. Use ve, negative or question forms (3 points, 1 point each) |
| | | Example: 0. I <u>used to work</u> (work) at the Colombo. |
| 1 | 1. | Sue (not like) math, but now she's very good at it. |
| 2 | 2. | This building (be) a cinema. |
| 3 | 3. | (Jeff / have) a motorbike? |
| 5. <u>F(</u> | or/ | Since. Underline the correct word, for or since. (2 points., ½ point each). |
| , | | Example: 0. I haven't been to the movies since / for years. |
| 1 | 1. | I've been here <i>since / for</i> hours. Where have you been? |
| 2 | 2. | I've lived here since / for I was a little. |
| 3 | 3. | I have been in this class <i>since / for</i> January. |
| 4 | 4. | She has worked at the Externado <i>since / for</i> three months. |

2

Section B - Vocabulary (12 points)

| 1. | <u>O</u> | pposite Verbs-Write the Oppo | site of the verbs in | n bold. (3 points, 1 point each) |
|----|----------|---|-----------------------------|---|
| | 0. | I need to buy a new car. | _ | sell |
| | 1. | If you leave now, you won't be | e late | |
| | 2. | Let's go or we'll miss the bus | _ | |
| | 3. | I'm sorry. I can't remember y | our name | |
| | | nds & Infinitives Complete the se or gerund (verb + ing) (2 points, ½ | | orrect form of the verbs in brackets: infinitive (to + |
| E | xamı | ole: 0. We enjoy <u>ínvítíng</u> | (invite) friend | s to our house for dinner. |
| 1 | . [| Don't forget | (ca | II) me when you get home. |
| 2 | . V | Vhere did you learn | | (cook)? You're very good! |
| 3 | . Do | on't worry. I don't mind | | (do) the washing up. |
| 4 | . Id | lon't feel like | (go) out | tonight. I just want to relax and stay home. |
| | | implete the sentences with a wo words. (3 points, 1 point each) | rd from the box to | form the correct get expression . You will not |
| | | home | around | off |
| | | out | to | on |
| | | | | |
| E | катр | ole: 0. I didn't get <u>to</u> classl ea | rly this morning. Th | ere was so much traffic. |
| 1. | Ιg | ot on the bus at 6:00 and got _ | | _ the bus at around 7:00. |
| 2. | Ιd | lon't get | well with my mot | her-in-law. Do you? |
| 3. | Н | ow long does it take you to get _ | | ? |

| 4. <u>Conf</u> | tusing verbs- Underline the correct verb to complete each sentence. (2 points, ½ point each) | | | | | |
|----------------|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| 0. | . I love <u>wearing</u> / carrying jeans. | | | | | |
| 1. | Who do you <i>look / look like</i> in your family? | | | | | |
| 2. | Did you <i>bring / take</i> the camera? I can't find it. | | | | | |
| 3. | What is the best way to <i>know / meet</i> new friends?. | | | | | |
| 4. | How many classes have you missed / lost this year? | | | | | |
| 5. | <u>Phrasal Verbs-</u> Complete the sentences with the correct phrasal verbs. The first letter of each word and a space for each letter is given to help you. (2 points, ½ point per answer) | | | | | |
| Ex | ample: 0. I don't want to g <u>i</u> <u>v</u> <u>e</u> u <u>p</u> chocolate but I know I have to. | | | | | |
| | 1. Can you , t o the T.V.? I want to go to bed. | | | | | |
| | 2. Don't t that letter a I need the information in it. | | | | | |
| | 3. T dthe music. It's too loud. | | | | | |
| | 4. I used to I a my little brother when I was young. | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |

Section C - Reading (26 points)

Reading 1 (10 points).

1. Read the text and circle the correct letter **a**, **b**, or **c**. (10 points, 1 point each)

- 1. I Frank Abagnale was
 - a. German
 - b. English
 - c. American
- 2. In five years Frank
 - a. paid to stay in expensive hotels
 - b. had a relationship with a woman
 - c. travelled to many places
- 3. People believed everything Frank said
 - a. because he was well dressed
 - b. because he was an actor
 - because had a great personality
- 4. When his parents got divorced, Frank
 - a. went to live with his German mother
 - b. left home
 - c. became a criminal
- 5. Frank managed to get a pilot's uniform by
 - a. convincing Pan Am that he was a pilot
 - b. staying in the hotel he wanted
 - c. by always paying the bill

- 6. Today Frank
 - a. still cheats people
 - b. gives classes at the FBI
 - c. makes movies
- 7. Frank's father:
 - a. gave Frank his credit card
 - b. refused to give him a credit card
 - c. didn't understand why Frank did it.
- 8. Frank made money by
 - a. buying and selling gasoline
 - b. buying auto supplies and getting a percent of the money
 - c. buying and selling tires and batteries
- 9. The bill collector
 - a. got angry at Frank
 - b. was confused by Frank's actions
 - c. understood Frank's reasons
- 10. Frank started to steal money
 - a. to get his father in trouble
 - b. to buy whatever he wanted
 - c. to impress women

Reading 2 (16 points)

2. Read the text and circle **T** (TRUE), **F** (FALSE) or **DNS** (DOES NOT SAY). (16 points, 2 points each)

| 1. | The first men came from Africa. | T/F/DNS |
|----|---|---------|
| 2. | The weather made early humans change their diet. | T/F/DNS |
| 3. | According to anthropologists, primitive men ate a lot of meat. | T/F/DNS |
| 4. | The Aztecs, Incas and Indians were true vegetarians. | T/F/DNS |
| 5. | People started to eat more meat in the beginning of the 20th century. | T/F/DNS |
| 6. | Being a vegetarian became popular in the 60's. | T/F/DNS |
| 7. | Most people didn't eat meat because of the bad treatment to animals. | T/F/DNS |
| 8. | Vegetarians suffer more heart disease than meat eaters. | T/F/DNS |

Text 1: A dangerous job? The best Con Artist* in the world

*Con artist: criminal who steals from people by telling them lies.

Frank Abagnale, a good-looking English boy, pretended to be a pilot, a doctor and a lawyer. For five years, he travelled the world for free, stayed in expensive hotels and had relationships with beautiful women.

Abagnale was an international mystery. He was wanted by the FBI and Interpol (international Police) Abagnale's charisma was his most important tool. Everybody believed everything he said. Leonardo Di Caprio, who plays Frank Abagnale in the film *Catch me if you can.* said, 'Frank Abagnale is one of the greatest actors who has walked this earth.'

When Frank's German mother divorced his father, Abignale ran away from home and began his life of illegal activity as an international con artist. He got a Pan Am pilot's uniform by saying that his had been stolen and that he had an urgent flight. This allowed him to stay in the hotel he wanted: Pan Am always paid the bill.

These days Abagnale doesn't need to trick anybody: he is a successful consultant. He advises companies on how to cheat their customers, and he also teaches at the FBI Academy. He wrote his autobiography in the 1970's and sold the film rights for \$ 250.000

As Frank Jr. grew interested in women, he found that he could not stop spending money on them. To finance his adventures with the opposite sex, he asked his father for a credit card to get gas for the truck his father gave him. He began to make deals and to falsely charge items to his fathers 'card. In return the employee at the gas station got to keep the item and "resell" it for the full price and Frank got a portion of the money. Over two months, Frank Jr "bought" 14 sets of tires, 22 batteries, and large quantities of gasoline.

Frank's father discovered what Frank was doing only after a bill collector contacted him in person. According to *Catch Me If You Can*, Frank Sr. was not angry with his son, but was confused as to his motive. Both he and the bill collector understood when Frank Jr. explained that "It's the girls, Dad, they do funny things to me. I can't explain it".

Text B

Was Fred Flintstone a Vegetarian? Source: Success, Pre-Intermediate, Students' book.

Millions of years ago, when our ancestors lived in the tropical forests of Central Africa, they probably ate plants and fruit, and occasionally a few insects. And this is probably how people lived for millions of years, eating plants, seeds, fruits, nuts, vegetables and occasionally a little meat.

The ancient civilizations of the Aztecs and Incas ate a lot of cereals, beans, fruit and not much meat at all. In classical India most people didn't eat meat and the Japanese were mainly vegetarian until a few generations ago.

It was during the nineteenth century that people in Western countries suddenly began to eat a lot more meat. New methods helped to reduce the price of meat for ordinary people. It was at this time that the typical western meal of meat, potatoes and vegetables was born.

Also, during the nineteenth century the vegetarian movement started in Europe and the USA. But it was only in the 1960s that more and more people in the West decided to give up meat in their diets. Many people decide to become vegetarian for personal reasons. First, some people think that it is healthier not to eat meat. Others believe that it is cruel to eat animals. Today vegetarianism is more and more popular in Europe and the USA. However, vegetarians are still a very small minority in most countries.

A 1999 study combined data from five studies from western countries. The study reported mortality numbers, where lower numbers indicated fewer deaths, for fish eaters to be .82, vegetarians to be .84, occasional meat eaters to be .84. Out of the major causes of death studied, only one difference in mortality rate was attributed to the difference in diet, as the conclusion states: "vegetarians had a 24% lower mortality from heart disease than non-vegetarians, but no associations of a vegetarian diet with other major causes of death were established."